

Package ‘jetty’

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Type Package

Title Execute R in a 'Docker' Context

Version 0.2.2

Description The goal of 'jetty' is to execute R functions and code snippets in an isolated R subprocess within a 'Docker' container and return the evaluated results to the local R session. 'jetty' can install necessary packages at runtime and seamlessly propagates errors and outputs from the 'Docker' subprocess back to the main session. 'jetty' is primarily designed for sandboxed testing and quick execution of example code.

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Encoding UTF-8

Imports renv (>= 1.0.0), rlang

Suggests here, Matrix, ggplot2, testthat (>= 3.0.0)

RoxygenNote 7.3.3

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URL <https://github.com/dmolitor/jetty>, <http://www.dmolitor.com/jetty/>

BugReports <https://github.com/dmolitor/jetty/issues>

NeedsCompilation no

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run *Execute an R expression inside a Docker container*

Description

This function is somewhat similar in spirit to `callr::r()` in that the user can pass a function (or a code block) to be evaluated. This code will be executed within the context of a Docker container and the result will be returned within the local R session.

Usage

```
run(
  func,
  args = list(),
  image = paste0("posit/r-base:", r_version(), "-noble"),
  stdout = "",
  stderr = "",
  install_dependencies = FALSE,
  r_profile = jetty_r_profile(),
  r_environ = jetty_r_environ(),
  debug = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

<code>func</code>	Function object or code block to be executed in the R session within the Docker container. It is best to reference package functions using the <code>::</code> notation, and only packages installed in the Docker container are accessible.
<code>args</code>	Arguments to pass to the function. Must be a list.
<code>image</code>	A string in the <code>image:tag</code> format specifying either a local Docker image or an image available on DockerHub. Default image is <code>posit/r-base:{jetty::r_version()}-noble</code> where your R version is determined from your local R session.
<code>stdout, stderr</code>	where output to ‘stdout’ or ‘stderr’ should be sent. Possible values are <code>""</code> , to the R console (the default), <code>NULL</code> (discard output), <code>FALSE</code> (discard output), <code>TRUE</code> (capture the output silently and then discard), or a character string naming a file. See system2 which this function uses under the hood; however, note that system2 handles these options slightly differently.
<code>install_dependencies</code>	A boolean indicating whether jetty should discover packages used in your code and try to install them in the Docker container prior to executing the provided function/expression. In general, things will work better if the Docker image already has all necessary packages installed.
<code>r_profile, r_environ</code>	Paths specifying where jetty should search for the <code>.Rprofile</code> and <code>.Renviron</code> files to transfer to the Docker sub-process. By default jetty will look for files called <code>".Rprofile"</code> and <code>".Renviron"</code> in the current working directory. If either file is

found, they will be transferred to the Docker sub-process and loaded before executing any R commands. To explicitly exclude either file, set the value to NULL. Alternatively, to exclude either file for all jetty function calls, set the JETTY_IGNORE_RPROFILE/JETTY_IGNORE_RENVIRON environment variable(s) to one of c(TRUE, "T") or set the R option(s) jetty.ignore.rprofile/jetty.ignore.renviron TRUE.

debug A boolean indicating whether to print out the commands that are being executed via the shell. This is mostly helpful to see what is happening when things start to error.

Value

Value of the evaluated expression.

Side effects

It is important to note that some side effects, e.g. plotting, may be lost since these are being screamed into the void of the Docker container. However, the user has full control over the 'stderr' and 'stdout' of the R sub-process running in the Docker container, and so side effects such as messages, warnings, and printed output can be directed to the console or captured by the user.

It is also crucial to note that actions on the local file system will not work with jetty sub-processes. For example, reading or writing files to/from the local file system will fail since the R sub-process within the Docker container does not have access to the local file system.

Error handling

jetty will propagate errors from the Docker process to the main process. That is, if an error is thrown in the Docker process, an error with the same message will be thrown in the main process. However, because of the somewhat isolated nature of the local process and the Docker process, calling functions such as `base::traceback()` and `rlang::last_trace()` will not print the callstack of the uncaught error as that has (in its current form) been lost in the Docker void.

Examples

```
## Not run:
run(
  {
    mtcars <- mtcars |>
      transform(cyl = as.factor(cyl))
    model <- lm(mpg ~ ., data = mtcars)
    model
  }
)

# A code snippet that requires packages to be installed
run(
  {
    mtcars <- mtcars |>
      dplyr::mutate(cyl = as.factor(cyl))
    model <- lm(mpg ~ ., data = mtcars)
  }
)
```

```

    model
  },
  install_dependencies = TRUE
)

# This will error since the `praise` package is not installed
run(function() praise::praise())

# Explicitly tell jetty to ignore an existing .Rprofile
run(function() summary(cars), r_profile = NULL)

## End(Not run)

```

run_script

Execute an R script inside a Docker container

Description

This function is somewhat similar in spirit to `callr::rscript()` in that the user can specify an R script to be executed within the context of a Docker container.

Usage

```

run_script(
  file,
  ...,
  context = dirname(file),
  image = paste0("posit/r-base:", r_version(), "-noble"),
  stdout = "",
  stderr = "",
  install_dependencies = FALSE,
  r_profile = jetty_r_profile(),
  r_environ = jetty_r_environ(),
  debug = FALSE
)

```

Arguments

file	A character string giving the pathname of the file to read from.
...	Additional arguments to be passed directly to source .
context	The pathname of the directory to serve as the execution context. This directory will be mounted to the Docker container, which means that the script will have access to all files/directories that are within the context directory. The context will also serve as the working directory from which the script is executed. It is crucial to note that the script will NOT be able to access any files/directories that are outside the scope of the context directory. The default value is the directory that file is contained in.

image	A string in the image:tag format specifying either a local Docker image or an image available on DockerHub. Default image is posit/r-base:{jetty::r_version()}-noble where your R version is determined from your local R session.
stdout, stderr	where output to 'stdout' or 'stderr' should be sent. Possible values are "", to the R console (the default), NULL (discard output), FALSE (discard output), TRUE (capture the output silently and then discard), or a character string naming a file. See system2 which this function uses under the hood; however, note that system2 handles these options slightly differently.
install_dependencies	A boolean indicating whether jetty should discover packages used in your code and try to install them in the Docker container prior to executing the provided function/expression. In general, things will work better if the Docker image already has all necessary packages installed.
r_profile, r_environ	Paths specifying where jetty should search for the .Rprofile and .Renviron files to transfer to the Docker sub-process. By default jetty will look for files called ".Rprofile" and ".Renviron" in the current working directory. If either file is found, they will be transferred to the Docker sub-process and loaded before executing any R commands. To explicitly exclude either file, set the value to NULL. Alternatively, to exclude either file for all jetty function calls, set the JETTY_IGNORE_RPROFILE/JETTY_IGNORE_RENVIRON environment variable(s) to one of c(TRUE, "T") or set the R option(s) jetty.ignore.rprofile/jetty.ignore.renviron TRUE.
debug	A boolean indicating whether to print out the commands that are being executed via the shell. This is mostly helpful to see what is happening when things start to error.

Details

NOTE: this feature is still fairly experimental. It will *NOT* work on Windows. It is only made to be compatible with MacOS and Linux.

Value

The value of the last evaluated expression in the script.

Interaction with the local file system

The user will be asked to specify a context (local directory) for executing the R script. jetty mounts this directory to the Docker container, allowing the script to interact with files within it (read/write). Attempts to access files outside the context directory will cause the script to fail. Ensure the context directory includes all files needed for the script to run.

Error handling

run_script will handle errors using the same mechanism as [run](#). See that documentation for more details.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Execute a simple script that has no package dependencies
run_script(file = here::here("code/analysis_script.R"))

# Execute a script that needs access to the entire analysis directory
run_script(
  file = here::here("code/analysis_script.R"),
  context = here::here()
)

# Execute a script that needs access to the entire analysis directory
# and relies on external packages
run_script(
  file = here::here("code/analysis_script.R"),
  context = here::here(),
  install_dependencies = TRUE
)

# Execute a script and explicitly ignore an existing .Rprofile
run_script(
  file = here::here("code/analysis_script.R"),
  r_profile = NULL
)

## End(Not run)
```

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